ALANYA ALAADDİN KEYKUBAT ÜNİVERSİTESİ YABANCI DİLLER YÜKSEKOKULU İNGİLİZCE YETERLİK SINAVI ÖRNEĞİ 1. OTURUM



<u>SINAVA KATILAN ÖĞRENCİNİN;</u>

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LISTENING SECTION

PART A: Listen to the radio interview about theme parks and circle True, False or Not Stated for these sentences be (13x1=13 pts.)			
1. Andy Wells has written a guide to theme parks around the world.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
2. Andy says his job doesn't feel like hard work.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
3. Disney World in Florida has huge swimming pools.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
4. Cedar Point in Ohio has life-sized moving dinosaurs.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
5. Gatekeeper is a Wingcoaster.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
6. Wingcoasters are for six people.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
7. Wingcoasters are more exciting than normal rollercoasters.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
8. At the Islands of Adventure in Florida you can meet Harry Potter.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
9. There are huge theme parks in Indonesia.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
10. Ocean Park in Hong Kong has sea animals but no rides.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
11. A dark ride is a ride inside a building.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
12. The "place to watch" for theme parks is Japan.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated
13. Ocean Kingdom will have the world's longest roller coaster.	A. True	B. False	C. Not Stated

PART B: Listen to Rebecca and Adam planning a night together. For each question, choose the correct answer. (7x1=7 pts.)

14. Rebecca and Alan decide to meet ona. Wednesdayb. Thursdayc. Fridayd. Monday
 15. They decide to a. go out for dinner b. go out for a drink c. stay in and watch a DVD d. visit Rebecca's cousin
16. Charlie used to go to on Love Lane.a. music lessonsb. sports centerc. bakery'sd. bus station
17. The Orange Tree is on a. Church Road

b. Love Lane

- c. Potter Street
- d. Baker Street

- 18. They will meet at _____.
 a. Ten past seven
 b. Twenty to seven
 c. Seven twenty
 d. Half past seven
 19. Rebecca met Charlie _____.
 a. at a party
 b. on a skiing holiday
 c. at the sports centre
 d. at the bus station
 20. Rebecca will go back home _____.
 a. by bus
 b. by car
- c. on foot
- d. by taxi

LANGUAGE SECTION

PA	RT A: Circle the correct opti	on. (25x1= 25 pts.)
a. kee	erested	hink they are fascinating. b. interesting d. fond
22. H a. too c. kej e. ma	pt	ntil the spring. b. put d. logged
stand a. hy	ards of are impossil giene ortage	ing water, even the most basic ble to maintain. b. famine d. disease
24. F a. at c. int e. aft		ogs while we're on holiday. b. for d. away
but th a. too c. pul	applied for the job which was a ney my application. I am lo ok up lled down ok off	
a. gav c. gav	anet eating meat last year. S we in we away we out	She is a vegetarian now. b. gave up d. gave off
to be turns thous debts	careful. 28), you can go out to be impossible to pay o ands of people all around Turka , 30) if you 31) ca t cards, shopping will always be	b over your limits and then it ff the debts. Today there are ey 29) cannot pay their ash on you and prefer cash to
27.	a. upon c. on e. by	b. in d. off
28.	a. Otherwise c. So e. Since	b. However d. But
29.	a. which c. whose e. why	b. who d. where
30.	a. in addition to that c. despite e. that	b. but d. because
31.	a. have had c. have e. has	b. had d. will have

Sydney is a city 32) _____ is an important commercial, industrial and tourist center in Australia. It is Australia's 33) _____ city with a population of more than four million. The city has many famous sights. It 34) _____ by millions of tourists every year. Sydney Harbour Bridge has been a great tourist attraction 35) _____ many years. However, the most famous sight here is the Opera House. Some people think that not a single modern building is 36) _____ attractive as the Opera House.

32. a. where c. which e. why	b. who d. when
33. a. the largestc. largeste. the most large	b. larger d. a large
34. a. is visitedc. visite. has been visited	b. visited d. is visiting
35. a. since c. yet e. in	b. before d. for
36. a. more c. very e. the most	b. most d. as

Gustavo Acuna is a medical scientist by profession. He is also a mountaineer, adventurer and endurance cyclist by nature. Acuna (37) _____ of writing a book about his best route worldwide for years when he decided to reach the Arctic Circle with his bike. Later, he said that his search of Arctic Circle (38) ______ a difficult but exciting adventure. The people in these areas eventually get used to the constant sunlight or darkness for extended periods of time. But adventurers visiting the Arctic Circle for the first time like Acuna may have trouble sleeping, especially when the sun is shining all night long. In spite of the difficulties, he achieved carrying on with his challenging ride. Acuna believes that he (39) ____ his dream book about the arctic challenge by the end of 2016. Looking back his unforgettable adventure, he said, "I (40) ____ such an interesting story if I _____ to explore the Arctic Circle."

37. a. is dreamingc. was dreaminge. will be dreaming	b. has been dreaming d. had been dreaming	
38. a. is c. has been e. had been	b. was d. will have been	
39. a. will completec. will have completede. will be completed	b. will have been completed d. will be completing	
 40. a. wouldn't have / hadn't attempted b. wouldn't have / wasn't attempted c. wouldn't have had / didn't attempt d. wouldn't have had/hadn't been attempted e. wouldn't have had / hadn't attempted 		

Alcatraz was America's first maximum-security prison where the nation's most dangerous criminals stayed. In its 29 years of operation, there were 14 attempts to escape from Alcatraz prison. But on the night of June 11, 1962, three prisoners left Alcatraz in one of the most mysterious prison breaks in American history. By the time the security guards arrived to check them, the three prisoners (41) __. The real story behind this escape is still unknown and since that day these three prisoners (42) __. On March 21, 1963, the government closed Alcatraz. Today, Alcatraz is an interesting landmark and a tourist attraction in the country. Alcatraz Island became famous as prison, but today not everyone knows that the Indians played an important role in the history of this island. On November 20, 1969, around 80 Indians came and dominated the island for almost 2 years. Although they wanted the government to establish an Indian University, cultural centre, museum and decent housing on the island, the government didn't meet their needs. As a result, they (43) __ live in poor conditions. As they didn't have any job skills and knowledge of the English language, they couldn't get good jobs, either. Finally, they left the island. Another interesting fact about Alcatraz is that it is considered as one of the most "haunted" places in America and (44) ____ Native Americans mentioned the evil spirits on the island long before it became a military prison. However, officials of Alcatraz are afraid of the possibility that these ridiculous ghost stories (45) __ a negative effect on tourism in the future.

41.	a. went		b. have gone
	c. had gone		d. have been gone
	e. had been gone		-
42.	a. aren't found		b. wasn't found
	c. didn't find		d. haven't found
	e. haven't been fou	nd	
43.	a. would		b. might
	c. ought to		d. had to
	e. could		
44.	a. lots		b. plenty
	c. many		d. much
	e. a little		
45.	a. have		b. are having
	c. will have		d. have had
	e. had had		
READING SECTION			

READING SECTION

Read the passage and answer the questions below. (15x1= 15 pts.)

Bookworms

A bookworm is one of those people who cannot stop reading. They always have their nose in a book and read for **pleasure**. They can walk along a street with a book in front of them and not notice the world go by. When they go to bed, their lights stay on for ages because they cannot go to sleep until they have finished their latest novel or biography. They have books with them and around them wherever they go. Quite simply, they just love reading. There used to be a lot of them, but now they are a dying breed. Television, video and the wide range of social and recreational opportunities which are now available have taken the place of books in many homes. School children and students still have to read but they usually read because they have to, rather than because they enjoy it. Once they have left school or college, **many** feel that they never want to open a book again, and according to a recent survey, many do not. In Australia, 80% of university graduates never read another book from the beginning to the end. In England, 44% of the population say that they never buy a book and a further 1% buy only one book a year.

46. In line 2, '**pleasure'** means ____.

- a. need
- b. trouble
- c. delight
- d. doubt .
- e. appreciation

47. In line 13, '<u>many'</u> refers to ____.

- a. television and video
- b. bookworms
- c. university graduates
- d. homes
- e. school children and students

48. Bookworms are people who _____.

a. are interested in the things that are happening around them when they are reading

b. keep their books only in one place in their house

- c. can stay awake for a long time to finish the book they're reading
- d. enjoy reading and whose number is increasing

e. have to read a lot of books when they are in school

49. Which of the following is not true?

a. Most students read because they have to.

b. The wide range of social and recreational activities have had a negative effect on reading.

c. Students don't usually read for pleasure.

d. Television and video are replacing books so nobody reads any more.

e. When students graduate from the school, most of them give up reading.

50. Statistics show us that ____

a. in Britain, 44% of the population don't read anything at allb. in Australia, 80% of the university graduates don't read a book till the end

c. in Australia, only 20% of the population finish reading a whole book $% \left({{{\left[{{{C_{\rm{B}}}} \right]}_{\rm{cl}}}} \right)$

d. in Britain, 99% of the population don't even buy a book

e. In Britainn, 55% of the population buy many books per year.

Feed Our Mind

1If you eat healthy food, you will have a healthy body. We have known this for a long time. However, there is also healthy food for your brain and this helps to have a healthy mind. After all, we all know how chocolate can change our mood, but new research clearly shows the link between diet and mental health. For a few years, there has been a campaign to improve school meals in the UK. Daniel Brown is the head teacher of a school that banned junk food and started serving healthy food in 2006. "Our research shows that, since 2006, the children's behaviour in class has been a lot better. **They** are now calmer and they concentrate more. As a result, they are learning more."

2Another research concerns the Mediterranean diet. Since 1950, scientists have known that this diet (fruit, vegetables, fish, olive oil and red wine) helps you live longer. Since 2006, they have known that it also prevents Alzheimer's disease, a serious mental illness that affects the elderly, and they are now telling the world about this important discovery. So what does all this research suggest? To

improve your memory, eat salmon. To improve your concentration, eat vegetables. To fight insomnia, eat nuts. If depression is a problem, eat brown rice. If you worry about your later years, cook with olive oil. Whatever you do, use your brain and shop for your mental health.

51. What is the **main idea** of the **second paragraph**?

- a. If you eat fish, you can lean more words.
- b. Children should eat less junk food.
- c. Healthy food doesn't make a cleverer person
- d. Mediterranean diet helps people live more.
- e. There is no cure for Alzheimer's disease.

52. Which of the following is **<u>not mentioned</u>** according to the passage?

- a. Vegetables help you focus on much better.
- b. Olive oil is more useful for older people than younger ones.
- c. Fish is useful for your memory.
- d. Mediterranean diet helps you not to have Alzheimer's disease.
- e. If you have sleeping problems, you should eat nuts.

53. The research in the UK in 2006 shows that _____

a. there are lots of obese children in the UK.

b. children never stop eating junk food.

c. children can learn more if they stop eating junk food.

d. olive oil and nuts should always be on children's menu.

e. children made too much noise because there was no junk food at school.

54. In paragraph 2, line 7, "<u>improve</u>" means ____

a. get better b. damage c. decrease d. concentrate e. discover

55. In paragraph 2, line 10, "<u>they</u>" refers to _____.

a. older people. b. scientists c. teachers d. junk food e. children

Filling The Generation Gap

Ever feel like your parents don't understand you at all? I know it sounds horribly stereotypical but you can't deny feeling misunderstood. This is common and it isn't just our teen-angst making us feel like a NOFX song. Parents really just don't understand us; it is as simple as that. This lapse of understanding is mainly due to the rather large generation gap between us and our parents. Times have changed, and for some reason they have a hard time understanding this at times. Back when they were growing up, things that we find socially acceptable were considered horribly inappropriate. For example, guys and girls just hanging out is a lot more common than in the 60's and 70's. And don't even get me started on conduct at dances. Back then a guy politely asked a girl if she would like to dance. Now they just come up behind a girl, grab her and sweep her to the floor, and all this while the girl's wondering, "Do I know him? Is he attractive or what?" In the older days, girls wouldn't have to signal to their friends to help them out of a dance. So considering we are a much more desensitized and open generation, it is only fair that people who grew up before us may have a hard time comprehending our actions. And, while I'm not trying to completely justify their intolerance, we do have to understand that it's just new to them. Try explaining what you are doing and remind them that times have changed; in the nicest way possible of course.

- 56. Which one these can be inferred from the text?
- a. Young people adopt stereotypical values about life.
- b. Young people believe they are mistreated by others.
- c. Youngsters feel like their parents are intolerant towards them.
- d. Parents are doing their best to understand their children.
- e. Parents are more tolerable than past.

57. According to the article, which one of these statements is true? a. Women only dance with men who they find attractive.

b. Young people are displaying inappropriate behavior with the way they dance.

c. Parents are trying to adapt to the new social norms.

d. Because of the generation gap, parents now understand their children better.

e. The generation gap is due to parents' unwillingness to accept social change.

58. The way today's teenage boys act at dances is _____

- a. no different than before.
- b. totally inappropriate in today's standards.
- c. as though they won't take no for an answer.
- d. almost the same as before, with little changes here and there.
- e. just like the parents approve.

59. Who does the underlined <u>they</u> refer to in the article?

a. parents b. young people c. guys d. girls e. old people

60. What is the main idea of the article?

a. Children should adopt the old norms as they were better.

b. Parents cannot possibly understand their children, no matter how hard they try.

c. While it is normal to have a gap between generations, young people should try to explain to their parents that the times have changed nonetheless.

d. Young people should stop trying to make their parents understand their way of living.

e. Generation gap can't affect the way parents behave their children.

WRITING SECTION (20 pts.) Choose <u>one</u> of the topics below and write a well-organised opinion / descriptive / cause and effect ESSAY of 200 – 300 words.

.....

- 1. Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? "Sometimes it is better not to tell the truth." Use specific reasons and details to support your answer.
- 2. Describe your hometown with its cultural, historical and social background.
- 3. Causes and effects of the popularity of fast food restaurants.

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CONTENT (7 pts.)	ORGANISATION (4 pts.)	GRAMMAR & MECHANICS (5 pts.)	VOCABULARY (4 pts.)	TOTAL SCORE (20 pts.)